## TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Cable Dispatches.

LONDON, Noon, May 31 .- The bullion in the Bank of England has increased 700,000 pounds. The rate of discount is 21 per cent. Consols 954. LONDON, 2 P. M .- Consols advanced |d., and are quoted at 951. LONDON, May 31-Evening. - Consuls 952.

LIVERPOOL, Noon, May 31.—Sales of the week, 82,000 bales, including 27,000 for export and

speculation. The market opens firm and active; estimated sales of the day, 15,000 bales; Middling Uplands 111; Orleans 111; stock, 811,000 bales, of which 444,000 are American. LIVERPOOL, 2 P. M .- Cotton continues quite

strong; quotations unchanged. POOL May 31-Evening .- Cotton closed quiet. Uplands, 11 a11 d.; Orleans, 11 d. Sales 20,000 bales. Manchester advices favorable. Goods and Yarn bouyant. Breadstuffs easier.

Washington News. Washington, May 31.—The President will attend the Boston Masonic Celebration on June 21st. The receipts of the Internal Revenue to-day

M. D. Arran, the new Portuguese Minister, presented to the President to-day. The President will leave Richmond for Raleigh at 8 A. M. instead of the afternoon of Monday.

ount to \$981,000.

Richmond News. RICHMOND, May 31.-To-day was observed by the ladies in decorating the graves of the Confederate dead. The stores were closed. There were about 10,000 persons at the Holywood

General SCHOFFELD reviewed the troops of this Listrict this morning. Judge KELLEY arrived here to-night, and leaves for Washington to-morrow.

New York News. NEW YORK, May 31.—The presentation Hose Carriage for the Columbia firemen is completed, and will be forwarded shortly.

Suppression of a Loyal Paper. MOBILE, May SL. Saturday's edition of the National Republican newspaper was suppressed by order of the Commandant of the Post. A guard was placed over the office, and its future publication prohibited until its proof sheets should be submitted to the Commandant. The order for ion says the the paper is rendered ble to the last paragraph of General Order of May 19 prohibiting the publication of articles inciting to riot or violence, or the public use of incendiary language. The article referred to was

Mobile Riot Report. WARRINGTON, May 31 .- The report of the Mobile riot, published by General Pope, says that everych, and censures the Mayor for not being ech, and censures the Mayor for not being sent with an adequate force. He removed the Mayer and police not only for criminal misconduct, but because he had no confidence in the se curity of affairs while they retain office. SWAYNE says the affair was not apprehended or deliberate ly planned. SHEPHERD, speaking of Mayor WITH-ERS, says he is, I believe, the only man in the city qualified by disposition to temper with proper discretion his official acts.

From New Orleans. NEW ORLEADS, May 31.—Mayor HEATH appointed two negroes policemen to-day. From Havana

New ORLEANS, May St. - Advices from Havanna Captain General MARZEANA has notified the consular agent of the JUAREZ Government to quit the territory of the ever faithful Isle within eight days. The causes of this unfriendly sot do not appear. It may be in some way connected with the recent triumph of the Liberals, or a just se against the open help rendered to the Imperial Government in the shape of new arms, munitions and provisions.

The American bark Ocean Home was appraised

The sugar and molasses warehouse, known as McKreur's, was destroyed by fire on the night of the 26th. It was insured in the Liverpool and ondon Fire Insurance Company for \$45,000.

It is rumored that the Spanish Admiral's visit to Santa Martha was in reference to the difficulty arising from the seizure of the E. R. Cuyler, and

in case of a rupture with the Columbian Govern-ment, that the steamer be brought to this port. The French steamer South a arrived this day from Vers Oruz, and confirms the telegram of the 16th about the surrender of MAXIMILIAN and his Generals. The commander at Vera Cruz is only awaiting official notafeation of the fact to surrender that city to Gen. BENEVADO.

Advices from St. Domingo to the 12th say that the Harbor of St. Pedro has been declared a port of entry, and a decree has been issued exempting for a period of five years all foreign vessels from payment of port dues cleared from any port of the Republic for the purpose of loading salt, provided they take nothing but salt. Another decree abolishes for a term of five years the import duty on zinc, in whatever way or shape embraced, which may be adapted to building purposes. The British brig Kura, from New York, was

wrecked off the southern coast. Her Captain and crew were saved; also the passengers. A part of the cargo will be saved.\_

The British brig Fleety, from Boston for Jacmil, with an assorted cargo, was wrecked on the northern side of the island. The Captain, crew, and a part of the cargo were saved.

Domestie Markets. NOON DISPATCH:

NEW YORK, May 31-Noon.-Flour 25c. lower Wheat nominally lower. Corn 1a2c. lower. Pork steady. Lard quiet. Cotton a shade firmer; Middling Uplands 27. Freights dull. Stocks flat. Money 6 per cent. Gold 874. Sterling, 60 days, 1091,1091; Sight 1101. 62 coupons, 1091a 1094; Virginia 6's, 66, 67a70. ENENING DISPATOR.

Stocks dull. Gold 36f. Money 6 per cent. U. S. Registered Bonds of '62, 1064a1063. U. S. Coupon Bonds of 62, 1091. Cotton firmer. Sales 1800 bales at 275. Flour dail. State 9.70a12.75, Southern lower at \$12.20a16.50. Wheat dull and declining. Cron steady, at a decline. Western Mixed, new, 1.18al.25. Old 1.28al.30. Pork heavy at 23.25. Lard quiet. Whiskey steady. Rice and Sugar steady. Conee firm. Sales 1500 sacks. Rio in bond, at 111, gold. Naval Stores firm. Turpentine 51a62. Rosin 4a8.50. Cotton to Liverpool, by steam, sull at 3.46d.a7-32d.

LATER. Money very active to the close. Call loans 7 per cent. In some instances this is paid in gold. Gold 361. Loans ranged from \$a7 per cent. for currency. Sterling steady. Governments dull. Stocks showed a general but not marked recovery from lowest point in afternoon.

BALTIMORE, May 31 .- Coffee quiet; the market favors buyers; Choice Rio 181a19. Flour heavy, with a declining tendency. Corn declined Sa5c. White \$1 12a1 13; Yellow \$1 17a1 18; Mix3d West ern \$1 10. Provisions steady but unchanged Whiskey nominal.

CINCINNATI, May 31 .- Flour dull. Corn quiet; No. 1 offered at 71. Pork in good demand at \$22 50. Bacon firm; Shoulders 9; Sides 11; Clear Sides

NEW ORLEANS, May 31.—Sales 3800 bales stiffer; Low Middlings 244a25. Receipts of the week, 4003, against 4256; exports of the week 18,285. Sugar dull; Good to Fair 13. Molasses-No sales. Flour, Superfine old stock, \$10 50; new, \$11 25a11 50; Choice Extra, \$18 25a18 75. Corn lower; Yellow and Mixed \$1 122a1 173; White \$1 22 a1 25. Oats firm, 95c.a\$1. Lard steady and firm; in tierces, 134; in kegs, 144a144. Pork duil at 241. Bacon firm; Shoulders 91; Ribbed Sides 12a121; Clear 134a131. Gold 361. Sterling 147a 151; New York Sight Exchange 1 per cent.

MOBILE, May 31.—Sales 650 bales. Middlings 241. Receipts 214 bales. Sales of the week 2350 bales. Receipts 987. Exports 1014. Stock 32,992.

May 31.—Cotton firmer and more

ARRIVAL OF THE SCOTIA

EUROPEAN ADVICES BY MAIL TO THE 18TH.

The Cunard mail steamship Scotia, Capt. Judkins, which left Liverpool at 10 A. M. on the 18th and Queenstown on the 19th of May, arrived at New York at an early hour on Tuesday morning. CHANGES IN THE ENGLISH CABINET.

The changes in the English Cabinet had been nearly completed.

Mr. Gathorne Hardy succeeds Mr. Walpole as Home Secretary; the Earl of Devon succeeds Hardy as President of the Poor Law Board, and Mr. Sclater Booth will represent that department in the House of Commons. The post of Chancel log of the Duchy of a neaster is not we filled. Sir lor of the Duchy of Lancaster is not yet filled. Sir Robert Peel was spoken of for it. A GIFT FROM PRESIDENT JOHNSON.

At a meeting of the Local Marine Board of Liverpool a fine gold chronometer watch was presented on behalf of the President of the United States to Captain S. B. Hughes, of the British ship Queen Victoria, for having rescued thirty- ne persons from the American ship Aquilla, when in a sinking

The proceedidgs and the probable effects of the onference on Luxemburg continued to be widely The I ondon Globe asserts that the British Gov

ernment was urging upon the Continental Powers
the expediency of a general disarmament.
The Paris correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette
says: "In spite of official announcements, and the
note in the Moniteur, Paris refuses to be quieted says: "In spite of official announcements, and the note in the Moniteur, Paris refuses to be quieted on the final result of the difference between France and Prussis. Some remarks in the semi-official journal, the Pays, have created an impression that a part of the Cabinet share the feelings of dissatisfaction expressed by the Corps Legislatif, which promptly checked an attempt at applause which followed the Marquis de Monstier's announcement of the denision of the Lord Carlon Carlon.

Paris Constitutionnel publishes an article n the subject of the treaty, in which it says: France has always protected the small neighbor-ng states. Questions connected with their inde-endence have always been, and especially in rependence have always been, and espenially in recent times, the determined motive of her policy. It will therefore, escape no one that one of the consequences of the treaty is to restore the Dutch government and the King Grand Duke to the plenitude of their rights of sovereignty over Limburg and Luxemburg, which had been partially alienated in consequence of the treaties of 1815."

The semi-official Berlin Provincial Correspondence after comprehence in points of The semi-omeal Berini Provincial Correspondence, after commenting upon the chief points of the treaty for the neutralization of Luxemburg, says—"As the retention of Luxemburg by the House of Orange is secured, and the cession of the Grand Duchy has been abandoned, the chief cause of anxiety to Germany has disappeared. The circumstances under which a friendly agreement the circumstances under which a friendly agreement the commentation of the circumstances under which a friendly agreement the circumstances that were pressive and ent has been arrived at between Prussia and ment has been arrived at cetween Friesia and France afford a fresh guaranty that a sincere policy of peace is the mutual and earnest determination of both powers. This will be confirmed and consecrated anew by the visit of the King of Prussia and the principal European sovereigns to the Emperor of the French."

In Paris the rumors of a Congress are revived, and it is talked of that Napoleon depends on the presence of the Emperor of Bussia to bring about an understanding on the sucject between the sovereigns who are to assemble in the French capital. These rumors probably have something instructing freedmen when and how to use firecapital. These rumors probably have something to do with the assertion that the British governnt, earnestly desirous of securing the peace ment, earnestly desirous or securing the peace of Europe, is urging upon the continental powers the expediency of a general disarmament. The Globe remarks that this advice, of course, is more especially in the form of a friendly com-munication to the French and Pruss.an govern-

ments, "on whose part there is the greatest dan-ger of a collision, and whose example, were they to consent to a disarmament, would readily be folowed by other powers." BUSSIA.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg announces the betrothal of the King of the Greeks with the Grand Duchess O. nstantinorina. They would visit Copenhagen in company with the Czarewitch and the Grand Duchess Marie Feodorowna in a few days. The King of the Greeks has been appointed net of the First Newski Infantry Regiment. TURKEY.

A renewed effort is to be made tan to give up the Island of Crete.

The Levant Herald says: "The rumor has been current during the week that the five foreign minourrent during the week ago, counselled the Porte A renewed effort is to be made to induce the Sulisters who, some weeks ago, counselled the Porte to code Crete to Greece, are to day to repeat this disinterested piece of advice in a more emphasized form. The report is premature We have reason means of a reduced scale of prices. It will also to believe that a majority at least of the five nave received further instructions on the subject from their Governments, but the continued resolute abstention of Lord Stanley appears to have delayed that expected by M. Bouree, who have even dedined, our information states, to take part in a collective appeal to the Porte on behalf of the woman and children still on the island. In the meantime, we may repeat the expression of our belief that, be this new attempt at pressure made when it may, it will be no whit more successful than the last."
Conflicting accounts are published as to engage-Conflicting accounts are published as to engage-ments which were taking place in Candia. Omar Pacha claims that in two recent engagements the Turks were victorious—while Greek accounts claim

THE BRAZULS. The mails from South America had arrived at Lisbon, whence the following had been telegraphed:

e victory for the insurgents.

"Libbon, May 15.—Intelligence from Montevideo, derived from Paraguayan sources, states that Paraguay has accepted the arrangement proposed by the United States for the termination of the war. Lopez had, in consequence, appointed a Paraguayan representative at Washington. The allies had decided that they would not treat excepting on the basis of the secret triple alliance. The American Minister at Assumption protested against this claim of the allies, which had also produced a very had impression upon the paralle. produced a very bad impression upon the popula-on of the La Plata States, who urgently demand-

ed the conclusion of peace.

"The revolution in the Argentine Provinces had made fresh progress.

"The insurgents had routed the forces of the National Government. ra had broken out at Buenos Ayres and at

PROM BRAZIL, LETTER OF THE BRAZILIAN MINISTER-HE HAS NO INTELLIGENCE OF THE EMANCIPATION OF SLAVES

IN BRAZIL The following is the translation of a letter from the Counsellor DE AZAMBAJA, late Minister of Brazil. to the Secretary of State:

New York, May 20, 1867.
Your Excellers: I regretted leaving Washington without having had a later conference with your Excellency in relation to the speech with which the illustrious President of the United which the illustrious President of the United States deigned to answer my reddress on taking leave on he 17th inst., when I had the honor of delivering to him the letter by which my august Sovereign thought proper to bring to a close my mission to the United States. I have only to communicate to your Excellency that I have not received any official notice that the Imerial Government has decreed the emancipation of slaves in the empire, as published by the press of this country, in a telegram received through the submarine cable; and this I do in this way, and from mere scruple about my position, not doubting but that this measure is already resolved upon by my country, in principle at least, to go into effect, as to the manner of execution, with the concurrence of the Legislative Chambers. I take the liberty to make these simple remarks to meet the want of the Legislative Chambers. I take the liberty to make these simple remarks to meet the want of the telegraphic news above alluded to not being corroborated, and because, having reference to the important and recent political action of my country, I keep solely in view those facts which have come to my knowledge through official channels. But aside from this, the congratulations of the President will not fail to be received with especial pleasure by his Majesty the Emperor, whose aspirations are so duly appreciated in this country. I avail myself of this occasion to reiterate to your Excellency the expression of my highest esteem and consideration.

JOAQUIN MARIA NOSCENTES DE AZAMBULA.

JOAQUIN MARIA NOSCENTES DE AZAMBUJA. His Excellency William H

THE CROPS.

From various sections of the district we have cheering accounts of the crops now growing. There is some talk of rust in the wheat fields, but There is some talk of rust in the wheat fields, but that it has not as yet attacked the stems, having made its appearance only on the blades. It will not do much injury if the disease can be confined to the blades. Notwithstanding, the wheat crop is the most promising we have had for many years. A good stand of corn was obtained, and many of our farmers have worked their crops over the second time. Cotton seed came up pretty well, but in consequence of the cool d.ys and cold nights, it has not grown much. Gardens about town are generally good, though somewhat late. New potatoes, peas, and other garden truck are now being used to some extent.

One of the best signs of the times is, that the

New potatoes, peas, and other garden truck are now being used to some extent.

One of the best signs of the times is, that the freedmen of Spartanburg, or at least the larger portion of them, are doing well—very well. Many of our largest farmers, who have a considerable number each, inform us that their hands are doing as well, in not botter than they did while they were slaves, as they have no trouble with them. They slaves, as they have no trouble with them. They stay at home, are attentive and steady to their business, and seem to care little about politics. This is the result of fair and honorable dealing with these people, and we have no doubt, were this course generally pursued, the like good behavior and industry would be seen everywhere. We have nothing to disturb the even tenor of our way but incendiary Radical missionaries.—Carolina Spar-

From all sources we learn that the prospect for good crops was never better than at present. Our section has never been noted for raising wheat, section has never been noted for raising wheat, but we hear of many good wheat fields in our locality this season. Corn has been pronounced very fine, and cotton, we fear, will be too good, as one half now thrown in corn would make us more independent. Fruit prospect cheering; vegetables in abundance.—Darlington Southerner. FINE OATS.-We were lately shown a specimen

Augusta, May 31.—Cotton firmer and more active. Sales 260 bales. Receipts 28 bales. Middlings 2424.

Sales 260 bales. Receipts 28 bales. Middlings 2424.

Savastar, May 31.—Cotton firm and in fair demand. Middlings 254. Business restricted on account of holders asking advance. Good grades count of holders asking advance. Good grades very searce and offerings very light, Receipts 490 bales.

Sales 260 bales. Receipts 28 bales. Middlings 254. Business restricted on account of holders asking advance. Good grades very searce and offerings very light, Receipts 490 bales.

The Supply and Consumption of Cotton, [From Messrs. Ellison and Hayward's Cotton Report.] LIVERPOOL, May 22.—Taking the figures for Liverpool only, the deliveries to home consumers and exporters were as follows during the past twelve months:

Total 12 months....2,387,000 840,000 84,405.

Total 12 months.... 2,387,000 840,000 84.405.

The average price of uplands for the first period was 14d., for the second 13\(\frac{1}{2}\)d., and for the whole 13\(\frac{1}{2}\)d.; and the average price of 8\(\frac{1}{2}\)b. shirtings 19\(\frac{1}{2}\)d. 71\(\frac{1}{2}\)d., and 19d. \(\frac{1}{2}\)b. for uplands, and 16\(\frac{1}{2}\)d. \(\frac{1}{2}\)b. for shirtings.

Touching the supply of cotton for the remainder of this year, we see no reason for altering the estimate contained in our annual review, published in January last. We shell probably roceive less from some and more from other of the various sources enumerated, than the figures there given; but we do not think that the aggregate arrivals will greatly vary from our total of 3,350,000 bales. Out of this quantity about 220,000 bales will go to London, leaving 3,130,000 bales for Liverpool. As we have already received 1,121,000 bales, there remain 2,009,000 bales to arrive, which, with the stock of 226,000 bales gives a supply of 2,835,000 bales for the last eight months of the year.

Supposing the deliveries to home consumers and exporters to equal those of the corresponding period of last year, that is, 2,303,000 bales, or 65,800 bales per week, there would remain 532,000 bales in stock on the 31st December: but if the deliveries in stock on the 31st December: but if the deliveries to the process of the corresponding period of the corresponding period of the corresponding period of the corresponding period of the corresponding the deliveries to the period of the corresponding peri

bales per week, there would remain 532,000 bales in stock on the 31st December; but if the deliv-eries only equal the average of the rast twelve months—namely, 69,150 biles per week, the total outgoings would amount to only 2,105,250 bales, and stock at the close of the year would reach 729,750 bales. It may be taken for granted, however, that the stock will not be allowed to close at any previous year being only 556,000 (December 1861).

1861).

Given a supply of nearly 66,000 bales per week, after providing for a stock of over half-a-million bales at the end of the year, the question is—at what price will the world be willing to purchase what price will the world be willing to purchase the products of so large a quantity of cotton? The experience of last year proves that 14d. was too high, while the experience of last year shows that even 184d. has failed to take off more than 48, 530 bales per week, and that a final decline to 12d. has been so far insufficient to produce any marked increase in the rate of consumption. Of course the depressing influence of the over production of last year would be more severely felt during the earlier than the later months of this year, and the gradual removal of the surplus stocks which existed four months ago, will lead to a corresponding revival of business as the year progresses. With a more settled state of politics on the Continent, we may also look for an augmented demand for export. But with the history of the past twelve months before us, we do not think that the action of these causes will do more than raise the average delive ries, for the coming eight months to more than 65,000 bales per week, against an average of 48,530 bales for the past four months—unless, indeed, prices sink 1d, or 2d, per lb.; then we might look for increased operations and a reaction in value prices sink 1d, or 2d, per 10.; then we might 100k for increased operations and a reaction in values to over 12d., which advance would immediately check business, and cause prices to fall back to below 12d. At the beginning of the year it was thought that middling American would fluctuate between 13d. and 15d. per pound, but at present the prevalent opinion is that the extreme ranges will be from 10d. to 12d. It is generally conceded that with the present prospects of supply 12d. is quite high enough; but there is a great diversity of opinion as to how low a point we may go. Some speak of 11d., some of 10d., and a few of 9d. Our own impression is that we may see 10d., but not less, and then only for a short time. These remarks have reference merely to the proximate future. Later on in the year the course of prices will be ruled by the character of the accounts respecting the yield of the next American or prices will be ruled by the character of the ac-counts respecting the yield of the next American crop. Present estimates vary between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 bales, and according as the actual out-turn approaches or falls short of the larger figure, prices will fluctuate between 9d. and 12d.

per pound.
INCREASED USE OF LINEN AND WOOLLEN FABRICS In our report of February 2d we drew attention to the extensive substitution of woollen and linen fabrics in place of goods made from cotton, which the high price of the latter had enforced upon both home and foreign consumers; and we showed that the deficient production of cotton goods in 1866, as compared with the out-turn of the three years immediately preceding the war, was about the production of the three years immediately preceding the war, was about the production of woollen and onen goods. The natural inference to be drawn from this is that cotton will not be able have to contend against the attong et wil. be made by the rival textiles to hold the ground they have gained; and there is all the difference between holding a position and retaking it when lost. In this connectable will be found interesting:

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF COTTON GOODS. TO Yarn produced..... Exported in Yarn and Goods...... Betained for Home Con-

Home Consumption per head of Population. 6lb. 5lb. 51/1b. 4lb. 4lb. head of Population. 6lb. 5lb. 5% lb. 4lb. 4lb
Here, it will be perceived that the per capita home
consumption of cotion goods has undergone a decrease of no less than thirty-three per cent. since
1859-6l. Some vortion of the decline is due, no
doubt, to the depressed state of trade; but the
greater part is attributable to the increased use of
clothing made from wool and flax. The toreign
branch of the trade compares more favorably with
the pre-war years that the home branch, owing
to the fact that the climates of some of our largest
customers precluded any material substitute of
woollen for cotion clothing during the period of
high prices. The high prices led to a reduced consumption, but did not create a competitor, while
the subsequent decline has increased consumption
and the revival has been all the more rapid
because there was no formidable competitor to
supplant. Morever, the immense amount of because there was no formidable competitor to supplant. Morever, the immense amount of weal h poured into India, Turkey, Egypt, &c., in payment of cotton, has enabled the people of those countries to become more extensive consumers of our co'ton products than would have been the case if we had received our raw material from other quarters. Besides, it should not be overlooked that some portion of the increased deliveries to the foreign countries, is more apparent eries to the foreign countries, is more apparent than real; a large quantity of the goods exported in the course of the past six or eight months be-ing afloat, or still in stock at the various ports, and which may not be taken by actual consumers, except at a further reduction in price than we have yet witnessed.

The Mobile Riot.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF GENERAL SWAYNE. General Swayne, commanding the District of Alabama, gives the following official report of the HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF ALABAMA,

MADIOTABLE S. DISTRICT OF ALABAMA, MONTGOMEN, ALA, May 28, 1867.

Major-General John Pope, commanding Third Military District, Atlanta, Georgia:
General: Herewith I have the honor to trans-GENERAL: Herewith I have the honor to transmit to you the report of Colonel O. L. Sheplerd, Fifteenth United States Infantry commanding officer at Mobile, upon the recent riot in that city. Immediately upon hearing of the outbreak I proceeded to Mobile in company with Brevet Brigadier-General William McKee Dunn, Assistant Judge-Advocate-General, and made personal incompany into what hed cocurred. So far as quiry into what had occurred. So far as I can learn the disturbance was not apprehended or deliberately planned, unless, probably, by a small party of ruffians, such as are usually found it cities. Nor do I find that after it commenced it was participated in by a large number of persons, but that, on the contrary, the scene was hastily abandoned, except by the police, and by suca parties or freedmen as gathered together for defence or from confusion or excitement. It seems that the speaker, having been for some time interrupted by persons who should have been immediately removed a single arrest was made. This was that the speaker, having been for some tails interrupted by persons who should have been immediately removed, a single arrest was made. This was
accompanied by the discharge of a pistol, after
which a number of shots were fired at the stand occudied by the speaker and his friends. After a momentary lull a large number of additional shots were
fired, apparently without vindictive purpose, the
weapons, so far as known, pointing in the a.r. I
do not find that a greater charge than timidity or
inefficiency can be sustained against the police
authorities of the city of Mobile. At the same
time, freedom of speach and public order have
been greatly outraged in that city by an element
which is active in the spirit of the rebellion, and
presumes on sympathy from the police in this regard. This is supported by the antecedents of
the police, and by the fact that but a single arrest
was effected on the night of the disturbance.
Sincere and earnest apprehension was express d
to me lest a collision of races, extended and
disastrous, and involving with the fate of the
colored people that of Union men in sympathy to me lest a collision of races, extended and disastrous, and involving with the fate of the colored people that of Union men in sympathy with them, should grow out of the impulse given by the recent outbreak. To prevent the possibility of this I directed the post commandant to assume the maintenance of public order, to place guards at the headquarters of the different fire companies, to prohibit out-of-door assemblages after nightfall, to suspend the entire police force, and reappoint only such as were known to be trustworthy, and to suppose the policy of the different fire companies. police force, and reappoint only such as known to be trustworthy, and to summarily

ment, I respectfully recommend that the contro of municipal affairs be transferred to persons well nown for their continuous loyalty to the United obedient servant,

who have been heretofore the allies of the Govern

A correspondent writing of the Indian remains near Trinity, La., says: "There are ten or twelve mounds, some of large size. The largest I measured was nine hundred feet in circumference. and about forty feet high; it had been dug down and excavated in the center, by order of General POLIGNAC, for military purposes. I noticed that the interior was stratified, and of the same character of soil as on the banks of the river, interspers-ed with relics of pottery, silicious rock or fiint stone, for arrow heads. Ashes and coals showed it had been used, as were the mounds near Natchez, for keeping up the perpetual fire."



## ONE PRICE

OUR SPRING STOCK IS NOW ready, and comprises a better assortment of

CLOTHING

Adapted to this market, than we have ever offered. We have given particular attention in getting up this Stock to lightness of fabric, strength of material and durability of color. Much the larger portion of our Stock is made in our own workshop, and we warrant it in every respect equal to custom work. We have Goods not of our own manufacture, such as are usually sold ready-made, the difference we shall be glad to show our customers,

In fixing our prices, from which we make no deviation, we have taken into consideration the depressed state of the market, and the universal desire to buy goods cheap.

We give below some of our leading prices:

ALL WOOL TWEED BUITS..... BLACK AND WHITE MIX CASSIMERE THREE STYLES OF MIDDLESEX CASSI-MERE SUITS, DARK, MEDIUM, AND

LIGHT MIXTURES......18 00 BLACK AND WHITE MIX CASSIMERE HILK MIX TRICOT, DIFFERENT MIX-

FINE BLACK GERMAN TRICOT SUITS....27 00 DARK BROWN GRAIN DE POUDER RLACK DRESS SUITS, ranging in price

INEN SUITS, from ...... \$5 to 20 00 In addition to the above, we have many good Styles of LIGHT AND

CASSIMERES

IN FULL SUITS

DARK FANCY

And in Pants and Vests.

ALPACA BACKS DRAP DEETE SUITS MARSEILLES VESTS, White and Fancy HEAVY WHITE DUCK SUITS, &c., &c.

FURNISHING GOODS.

In addition to our usual assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISH-ING GOODS, we wish to call particular attention to our

SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

February 7

velopes, free of charge.

We have made arrangements to have our SHIRTS made by our own Pattern, and we think they will compare favorably in style and fit with any Shirt on the market.

THEY COMPRISE FOUR QUAL-ITIES, \$2 50, \$3 00, \$3 50, and We invite the attention of COUN

ish all disturbers of the peace. For the final sup-pression of the disorderly element above referred to, and to give confidence and support to those TRY MERCHANTS and PLANT ERS TO OUR STOCK, which we are selling in quantities at very low

> MACULLAR, WILLIAMS & PARKER, No. 270 KING STREET, so by addressing, in perfect confidence

CHARLESTON, S. C.

CORNER OF HASEL

SPECIAL NOTICES. MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON BAIL-

MARRIED. On Wednesday evening, 29th inst., at the Second Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. Thos. SMTTHE, D. D., Mr. JOHN MOC. THARIN to Miss L. ALICE MATTHEWS, OBITUARY.

DIED, in Charleston, April 9, 1867, JOHN RANDOLPH RUSSELL, aged 11 years and 6 months. Seldom has a boy of his early years afforded such pro-nising traits of character. A keen sense of what was mising traits of character. A keen sense of what was right, and a punctual observance of duty, characterized his conduct. Whether in the relation of a child or a Sabbath School scholar, his principal desire seemed to be to contribute to the pleasure of parent and teacher. With the manliness of a noble nature, he united the sensitive, sympathizing spirit of the gentier sex. At home he entwined himself around the hearts of his family; abroad he won for himself the affection and admiration of his friends and playmates. In the Sabbath School his prompt obedience, his well recited lessons, his excellent deportment, and his sweet ringing voice, marked him out as a general favorite. But Death, with its sharp soythe, has cut down this bright flower in its early bloom, and the home circle and the Sabbath School have been bowed with grief by this sad bereavement. He seemed to be singing his own brief history in the words of a favorite hymn:

"Flowers of the wildwood, flowers of the garden, Emblems of childhood, flowers, sweet flowers." "But frail is their texture, and transient their stay, For brief is the life of a flower; Their fragrance and beauty too soon pass away— They gladden the heart for an hour."

Petersburg Express and Index please copy DIED in Walterboro', on the 19th May, 1867, ELLA CATHERINE, aged six months, the only and beloved child of E. W. and K. E. Fraser. aild of E. W. and B. E. Fraeen.

So dear to Christ fond parents was your child

He took her to Himself in haste,

And holds her "in His arms" forever safe embrace."

M.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AT WENTWORTH STREET LUTHERAN CHURCH.-The Rev. H. M. Moop will perform Divine Service To-Morrow Morning, and the Rev. E. J. MEYNAR ore in the Afternoon at the usual hour. W UNITARIAN CHURCH.—SERVICES TO

MORROW at 101/2 A. M., and 8 o'clock P. M. Subject of the morning's discourse-"It is more bi Subject of the evening's discourse-"The regults of

froe and constant enquiry in matters pertaining t

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, DARLINGTON DISTRICT .- IN EQUITY-B. W. ED WARDS, Administrator T. E. HOWLE, vs. E. S. HOWLE, JAMES P. WILSON AND OTHERS.—BILL FOR IN JUNCTION, ACCOUNT AND RELIEF .- It is ordered hat the CREDITORS of THOMAS E. HOWLE, deceased be enjoined from proceeding to recover their claims at law against the complainant, and that they do prove and establish their demands against the said Hownz befor the Commissoner of this Court, on or before the first day of December next, and in default thereof that they be arred the benefit of any decree to be pronounce The above is a true copy from the original order made

in the above stated case, 12th February, 1867. A. F. EDWARDS, C. E. D. D. 's Office, Darlington C. H., Feb. 22, 1867.

February 23 THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA-DARLINGTON DISTRICT—IN EQUITY—HANNAH J. HART, Administratrix, vs. ELLEN E. HART, JOHN WITHERSPOON, et al. BILL FOR INJUNCTION ACCOUNT AND RELIEF .- It is ordered that the credit ors of JOHN L. HART be enjoined from proceed over their claims at law against the complainant, an that they do prove and establish their demands agains the said John L. Hart, before the Commission this Court, on or before the first day of November next and in default thereof that they be barred from the be efit of any decree to be made herein.

It is also ordered that a copy of this order be published at least once a week until the first day of November nex in the Darlington Southerner and the Charleston Daily The above is a true copy from the original order mad

in the above case, 12th February, 1867. A. F. EDWARDS, C. E. D. D. COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, Darlington C. H., Februar

836 fl F THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, DARLINGTON DISTRICT .- IN EQUITY .- P. B. BACOT AND T. L. BACOT, Administrators, PETER BACOT, vs. THE HEIRS AND CREDITORS OF PETER BACOT .- Upon hearing the pleadings in this case, it s, on motion of W. W. HARLLEE, Complainants' Solici or, ordered that all and singular the creditors of the late Peter S. Bacot, Complainant's Intestate, be required. to file and prove their respective demands and debts in judgments and otherwise against the said Intestate, beore the Commissioner of this Court, by er before the first day of November next, and in default thereof that they be debarred from the benefit of any decree to be nade therein, and that the Commissioner of this Court do advertise this order once a month in the Darlingto herner and the Charleston Daily News, until the

eald first day of November next. The abore is a true copy from the original order mad in the above case, 13th of February, 1867. A. F. EDWARDS, C. E. D. D.

pner's Office, Darlington C. H., February 2: February 23 836 f1 MESSRS. EDITORS :-- YOU WILL PLEASE announce Gen. A. M. MANIGAULT as a Candidate for Sheriff at the ensuing election. A CITIZEN.

AT A YOUNG LADY RETURNING TO HER untry home, after a sojourn of a few months in the city, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place o coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead o w nty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon in uiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly old them that she used the CIRCAS-IAN BALM, an onsidered it an invaluable acquisition to any lady's tollet By its use any Lady or Gentlemen can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in it combination, as Nature herself is simple yet unsurpass ed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also heal ing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the sur ace as Nature intended it should be-clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price \$1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order, by

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemista No. 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y. The only American Agents for the sale of the same.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE .- THIS SPLENDID HAIR DYE is the best in the world. The only true and perfect Dye-harmless, reliable, instan aneous. No disappointment. No ridiculous tints latural Black or Brown. Remedies the ill effects of Bad Dues. Invigorates the hair, leaving it soft and beautiful The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor. All others are mere imitations, and should be svoided. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. Factory, No. 81 Barcley treet, New York.

BEWARE OF A COUNTERFEIT.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR.-CHEVALTER'S LIFE FOR . HE HAIR positively restores gray hair to its original coles and youthful beauty; imparts life and trength to the weakest hair; stops its falling out at once; keeps the head clean; is unparalleled as a hair iressing. Sold by all Druggists and fashionable hairdressers, and at my office, No. 1123 Broadway, New SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D. DOWIE & MOISE,

Opposite Charleston Hotel

NOTICE T , MARINERS .- CAPTAINS ND PILOTS wishin to anchor their vessels in Ashley River, are requested not to do so anywhere within direct range of the heads of the SAVANNAH RAILROAD WHARVES, on the Charleston and St. Andrew's side of the Ashley River; by which precaution, contact with the Submarine Telegraph Cable will be avoided. S. C. TURNER, H. M.

AST THE GRAVEST MALADIES OF YOUTH AND EARLY MANHOOD .- HOWARD ASSOCIATION ESSAYS, on the Physiology of the Passions, and the Errors, Abuses and Diseases peculiar to the first age of man, with Reports on new methods of treatment em-

ployed in this institution. Sent in sealed letter en-

Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON

Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—THE DISPENSARY OF he Fourth Health District, in charge of Dr. J. SOMERS BUIST, has been removed from the City Hospital to the southeast corner of St. Philip and Warren streets, where patients will be seen between 9 and 10 o'clock A. M., and and 6 o'clock P. M., and calls left as heretofore. GEORGE 3. PELZER, M. D.,

City Regist ERRORS OF YOUTH .-- A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debtlity, Pre-mature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free a .ll who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Suffer wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do JOHN B. OGDEN. April 22 Smos\* No 42 Cedar street, New York.

ROISSONNEAU, of Paris), No. 599 Broadway, New York.

Saturday, the 15th day of June, 1867. The Deed of Assignment and release can be seen at the office of Mesers. SIMONS & SIEGLING, Attorneys at Law, Broad street.

SOAD COMPANY.—Persons holding past due Coupons of the FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the above Com

pany, are hereby notified that Twenty-five Thousand

Dollars of their Second Mortgage Bonds, \$1000 each, have

been deposited in the People's National Bank, of this

city, for the redemption of the above-mentioned Cou-

NOTICE.—THE CREDITORS OF JULIUS

FLAUM are informed that under the Deed of Assign-

ment executed on the 18th May, 1867, they are required

to accept the provisions of the said Deed and execute re-

leases on or before the hour of 12 o'clock Meridian of

H. G. LOPER, Cashier.

ISAAC WALLACE, Assignees. MORRIS ISRAEL Agent of Creditors of Julius Flaum

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIA-TION .- The Rev. E. J. MEYNARD IE will deliver a ser on before this Association To-Morrow (Sunday) Evening, the 2d inst., in Trinity Church, Hasel street. Services to commence at 81/2 o'clock. The public generally, and young persons especially, are invited to attend. A collection will be taken up for the benefit of the As

N. B.—The regular weekly meeting of the Association will be held at their rooms This Evening. Business of importance will be under consideration, 1 June 1 ORPHAN HOUSE CHAPEL.—THE REV. L. C. LOYAL will perform Divine Service in this Chape To-Morrow Afternoon, 2d instant, at 5 o'clock.

June 1 TO COTTON CLAIMANTS. THE CLIENTS OF COOLEY & CLARKE, ATTOR NEYS at Law, of Washington City, are informed that Col. W. PENN CLARKE, of that firm, is now at the Mills House, where he will remain the present week, where he will be pleased to see the clients of the firm and any other persons who may have claims against the United States for Cotton and other property, seized by the Government authorities after the surrender of this

city to the Federal forces. \*\*CERTIFICATE OF STOCK LOST.—NOTICE s hereby given, that application will be made in six weeks from date, for a renewal of certifica e No. 68 for ten shares in the capital stock of the Relief Loan Associa tion, standing in the name of James S. Hyer, the original having been destroyed by Sherman's Army. june 1,15 May 6

AGAOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AP-PLICATION will be made to the proper authorities for a CHARTER OF INCORPORATION OF THE MECHANIC WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE WM. BLUM DINGLE as a Candidate for the Sher

DUTCHER'S LIGHTNING FLY-KILLER will certainly exterminate these pests, i. its use is persevered in. Beware of bogus Fly-Paper, which so lealers keep because they can get it for nearly nothing Bon't be swindled. Ask for DUTCHER'S, which is sold by all live druggists. 1mo

at the ensuing election.

NOTICE.-I, WILLIAM M. SACK, DO eby inform the public that my wife, HARRIETT ABI-GAIL SACK, has no authority from me to become a sole rader, nor do I co sent to have her act in that capacity and I furthermore state that I will not be responsible for WM. M. BACK. May 29

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE E. M. WHITING, Esq., as a candidate for Sheriff of Charleston (Judicial) District, at the next election. CHARLESTON AND SAVANNAH RAIL-BOAD COMPANY to. IBAAC W. HAYNE et al .- By Decree of the Court of Equity, sitting for Charles District, on 26th January last, it was, among other things,

EDWARD SEBBING and JNJ. E. CAREW-do forthwith occed to call, by publ espapers in this State and elsewhere, as they may deem proper, upon all persons holding Bonds and Coupons of Bonds, secured by the First Mortgage aforesaid, to present and prove their demands on or before the first day of July next, with a view of ascertaining the Dividend to which such holders are entitled out of the bal ance of the said purchase money, after payment of the costs and other expenses All persons, therefore, holding Bonds or Coupe

Bonds, issued by said Company and secured by the Mortgage of 1st January, 1858, are hereby called upon to present the same to the undersigned, on or before the first day of July next, at the office of Messrs, WARDLAW CAREW, No. 14 Broad street, at which time their trus

ISAAC W. HAYNE, EDWARD SEBRING, JNO. E. CAREW, Bayannah Republican and Augusta Chronicle an entinel insert 1st March and May and 15th June. 1 aprill,mayl,junel,julyl

Headquarters Second Military District, (NORTH CABOLINA AND SOUTH CABOLINA), COLUMBIA, S. C., March 21st, 1867.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 1.] L IN COMPLIANCE WITH GENERAL ORDERS NO. 10 Headquarters of the Army, March 11th, 1867, the un dersigned hereby assumes command of the Second Mili-tary District constituted by the Act of Congress, Public No. 68, 2d March, 1867, entitled "An Act for the more efficient government of the rebal States."

General to maintain the security of the inhabitants in their persons and property, to suppress insurrection, dis-order and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and crim the local civil tribunals will be permitted to take juris diction of and try offenders, excepting only such cases a may by the order of the Commanding General be refered o a Commission or other military tribunal for trial. III. The civil government now existing in North Caro lins and South Carolins is provisional only, and in all re spects subject to the paramount authority of the United tates, at any time to abolish, modify, control or super cede the same. Local laws and municipal regulation not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the United States, or the proclamations of the President, or rith such regulations as are or may be prescribed in the orders of the Commanding General, are hereby declare to be in force; and, in conformity therewith, civil officer are hereby authorized to continue the exercise of their proper functions, and will be respected and obeyed by

he inhabitants. IV. Whenever any Civil Officer, Magistrate or Cour neglects or refuses to perform an official act properly re quired of such tribunal or officer, whereby due and rightful security to person or property shall be denied, the case will be reported by the Post Con

V. Post Commanders will cause to be arrested person charged with the commission of crimes and offence when the civil authorities fail to arrest and bring such effenders to trial, and will hold the accused in custody for trial by Military Commission, Provost Court or other ribunal organized pursuant to orders from these Head uarters. Arrests by military authority will be reported promptly. The charges preferred will be accompan by the evidence on which they are founded. VI. The Commanding General, desiring to preserve

ranquility and order by means and agencies most congenial to the people, solicits the zealous and cordial co peration of civil officers in the discharge of their duties and the aid of all good citizens in preventing conduct ending to disturb the peace; and to the end that occa sion may seldom arise for the exercise of military au thority in matters of ordinary civil administration, the ding General respectfully and earnestly commends to the people and authorities of North and South Carolina unreserved obedience to the authority now established, and the diligent, considerate and impartial execution of the laws enacted for their government. VII. All orders heretofore published to the Departmen of the South are hereby continued in force.

The following named officers are announced as the staff of the Major General Commanding : Capt. J. W. Clous, 38th U. S. Infantry, Act. Asst. Adjt. len, and Aide-de-Camp. Capt. Alexander Moore, 28th U. S. Infantry, Aide-de-

Byt. Maj. J. R. Myrick, 1st Liout. 3d Art., Alde-de-Camp Major James P. Roy, 6th U. S. Inft., Act. Asst. Inspect

Byt. Major General . O. Tyler, Deputy Quarter

Gen. U. S. A., Chief Quartermaster. Bvt. Brig. General W. W. Burns, Major and C. S., U. B. A., Chief Commissary of Subsister Byt. Lieut. Col. Charles Page, Surg. U. S. A., Med. Di-D. E. SICKLES.

Major General Commanding Official : J. W. CLOUS, Aide-de-Camp. THE ORANGEBURG NEWS.

DUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING. AT vance.

During the spring and fall seasons extra copies of the
ORANGEBURG NEWS will be circulated for the benefit of
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FOR LIVERPOOL. THE A... COURTENAY & TRENHOLM, Union Wharves

May 23 FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C., TOUCHING AT SOUTH ISLAND, WAVER-LY AND KEITHFIELD MILLS.

THE GOOD STEAMER



ST. HELENA,

WILL TAKE THE PLACE OF THE STEAMER
WILL TAKE THE PLACE OF THE STEAMER
Tuesday Morning, the 4th inst, at 6 o'clock. Returning
will leave Georgetown on Thursday Morning, the 6th
nst, at 6 o'clock.
Philiphia A leave st., at 6 o'clock.

Preight must be prepaid.

For reight or passage apply to

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REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL LINE. ONE OF THE FAVORITE AND ELEGANT STEAM-SHIPS SARAGOSSA, GRANADA, EMI YE. SOUDER, WILL LEAVE ADGER'S SOUTH WHARF EVERY

THE STEAMBHIP EMILY B. SOUDER CAPTAIN LEBBY, WILL LEAVE ADGER'S SOUTH
WHARF on SATURDAY, June 1st., at
Shippors are requested to hand in bills
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RAVENEL & CO.

SATURDAY.

NEW YORK AND CHARLESTON

FOR NEW YORK. THE NEW AND SPLENDID SIDEWHEEL STRAMSHIP

STEAMSHIP LINE.

"MANHATTAN," M. S. WOODHULL, Commmander, WILL LEAVE BROWN & CO'S. SOUTH WHARF, ON Saturday, June 1st. at 5 o'clock P. M.

The Ships of this line are provided with elegant commodations for passengers.

For the Manhattan is the only Sidswheel Steamer

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No freight received after 1 o'clock P. M., Satur for Freight or passage, apply to STREET BROTHERS & CO., No. 74 East Bay FOR SAVANNAH

Freight engagements must be made at the office



"DICTATOR." 1000 TONS BURTHEN, CAPTAIN L. M. COXETTER,

WILL LEAVE MIDDLE ATLANTIC WHARF EVERY THROUGH TICKETS TO FLORIDA

Charleston and Savannah Steam Packet Line. VIA BEAUFORT AND HILTON HEAD.



and Charleston Wharf, Savannah, every Monda Vednesiay, Friday and Saturday mornings, at 7 o'clock The PILOT BOY leaves Charleston every Friday, and avannah every Saturday.

The ELIZA HANCOX leaves Charleston every Wednes-The FANNIE leaves Charleston every Monday, and lavannah every Wednesday, touching at Bluffton going

avanian eventuring.
Freight received daily and stored free of charge.
Freight to all points except Savannah must be prepaid,
No Freight received after sunset.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
FERGUSON & HOLMES, Agenta,
Oharleston, S. C. CLAGHORN & CUNINGHAM, Agenta,

N. B.—Through Tickets sold at the Office of the Agen-cy in Charleston to points on the Ausnito and Gulf Est-road, and to Fernandina and points on the St. John's April 15 NEW YORK AND BREMEN STEAMSHIF COMPANY.

THE FIRST-CLASS U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIP BALTIC,

A. G. JONES, Master, Will leave Pier No. 46, N. R., on Saturday, April 20, at Noon,
FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN,
taking passengers to Southampton, London, Havre and king passengers to Southampton, London, Havre and remen, at the following rates, payable in gold or its

Bremen, at the louding and property of the course of the c NEW STRAMER... May 1
For Freight or Passage apply to
ISAAO TAYLOR, President,
February 27 1y No 40 Broadway, N. Y.

OLD ESTABLISHED DRUG STORE E. H. KELLERS & CO.,

(LATE PHIN & DORN)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS No. 131 MEETING STREET. Third door above Market HAVE LATELY RECEIVED LARGE ADDITIONS TO

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POMADES COSMETICS BRUSHES EXTRACTS, &c. Comprising invoices from the most reputable ma

cturers. On hand, all the princips PROPRIETARY MEDICINES. ncluding Preparations of AYER, JAYNE, HALL, CHEV. ALIER, DAVIS, WRIGHT, HOLLOWAY, &c. 41so, 4

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THE CAROLINA TIMES,

THIS PAPER CIRCULATES THROUGHOUT THE middle portion of the State, and offers the best modifies for advertisers.